

# Clinical Treatment of Specific Disorders: Selected Topics Treatment of Borderline and Narcissistic Disorders

Fall 2018

ISAAC TYLIM, PSY.D. ABPP

Time: Wednesday 11-12:40 AM

1

Overview

## **Objectives**

At the end of the first class, candidates will be able to grasp multiple conceptual references to Borderline and Narcissistic conditions.

2

Freud, S. (1933). Splitting of the Ego in the Process of Defense. S.E. Vol. 23, 275-278,

Green, A. (1980). The Borderline Concept. In On Private Madness. Madison, Ct: International University Press, 60-103.

Kernberg, O.F. (1977). The Structural Diagnosis of Borderline Personality Organization. In Kernberg, Object Relations and Personality Disorders. New York: International University Press, 87- 121

## **Objectives**

At the end of this class candidates will be able to trace back early defenses mechanisms in Freud's work, and in more contemporary analysts (Kernberg and Green). Candidates will be able to expand on the multiple 'borders' in Borderline pathology,

3

Kernberg, O. (1975). The Borderline Personality Organization. The Syndrome. In *Borderline Conditions and Pathological Narcissism*. New York: Jason Aronson, Inc. Part 1, 3- 49.

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## **Objectives**

At the end of this class candidates will be able to relate developmental considerations in the etiology of Borderline and Narcissistic conditions.

4

Green A. (1980). Projection. From Projective Identification to Projection. In *On Private Madness*. Madison: International University Press, 84- 103  
Reed, G.S. & Baudry F.D. Conflict, Structure, and Absence: Andre Green on Borderline and Narcissistic Pathology. *Psychoanalytic Quarterly*, (2009), 74: 121-155

## **Objectives**

At the end of this class candidates will become familiar with contributions of the French School. Candidates will understand the dynamics of absence as distinct from the dynamics of loss.

5

Rosenfeld, M. (1983). Primitive object relations and mechanisms. *Int. J. Psycho-Anal Assn.* 64, 261-267.  
Feldman, M. (1992). Splitting and projective identification. In Ed Robin Anderson *Clinical Lectures on Klein and Bion*. London and New York: Routledge.74-88.

## **Objectives**

At the end of this class, the candidates will be able to differentiate psychotic conditions from personality disorders, as well as assessing the prevalence of defense mechanism.

6

Freud, S. (1914). On Narcissism. *S .E. Vol. 14*.  
Kornberg O. A Contemporary Reading of "On Narcissism." In Sandler, Person, & Fonagy (eds) *Freud's "On Narcissism: An Introduction*. New Haven: Yale University Press, 131-148.  
Kohut, H. (1974). *The Analysis of the Self*. New York: Int. Univ. Press.

## **Objectives**

At the end of this class candidates will be able to explain the vicissitudes of narcissism and its manifestations in the clinical realm. Candidates will expand on the differences between

7

Kernberg, O. (1974). Normal and Pathological Narcissism. In *Borderline Conditions and Pathological Narcissism*. New York: Jason Aronson, Inc. Chapter 10, 315-347.

Kohut, H. (1966). Forms and Transformations of Narcissism. *J. Amer. Psycho-Anal. Assoc.* 14, 243-272.

## **Objectives**

At the end of this class, the candidates will to view Borderline and Narcissistic features in a wide spectrum. Questions about what to consider normal or pathological would be addressed.

8

Rosenfeld, H. (1990) On the Psychopathology of Narcissism: A Clinical Approach. In *Psychotic States*. London: Karnak 169-179

Segal, H. & Bell D. The Theory of Narcissism in the Work of Freud and Klein. In Sandler, Person, & Fonagy (eds)

Freud's "On Narcissism: An Introduction. New Haven: Yale University Press, 149- 176

### **Objectives**

At the end of this class the candidates will grasp the conceptualization of Narcissism in the work of Melanie Klein., and contrast it with Freud's.

9

McDougall, J. (1980). Narcissus in Search of a Reflection. In Plea for a Pleasure of Abnormality. New York: International University Press.

McDougall, J. (1985). Theater in the Round. Thoughts on the Economy of Narcissism. In Theaters of the Mind. New York: Basic Books.

### **Objectives**

At the end of this class, the candidates will be able to understand the link between narcissism and perversion. The function of perversions in dealing with narcissistic disequilibrium will allow for a theoretical integration/

10

Bach, S. (1994). The Language of Perversions and the Language of Love. NJ. Aronson. Chapter 2

Bateman, A. (1999). Narcissism and its relation to Violence and Suicide. In Ed. Rosine J. Perelberg.

Psychoanalytic Understanding of Violence and Suicide. London: The New Library of Psychoanalysis, 111- 123.  
Bach, S. (1994). The Language of Perversions and the Language of Love. N.J.: Aronson. Chapter 3.  
Bollas, C (1989). The Anti-Narcissist. In Forces of Destiny. London: Free Association Books, P.159-170.

## **Objectives**

At the end of this session, the candidates will be able to discuss narcissistic affects  
Anger will be distinguished from rage. The connection between despair and violence and suicide will be clear.

11

Akhtar, S. (1998). From Simplicity Through Contradiction to Paradox. The Evolving Psychic Reality of the Borderline in Treatment. Int. J. Psycho-Anal. 79: 241-252.

Etchegoyen, R. H. (1991) Transference Perversion. In "The Fundamentals of Psychoanalytic Technique", London: Karnak, 186-201.

Fonagy, P. (1991). Thinking About Thinking: Some Clinical and Theoretical Considerations in the Treatment of a Borderline Patient. Int. J. Psycho-Anal. 72, 639-656.

## **Objectives**

At the end of this session the candidates will be able to explain how ambivalence plays a function in Borderline pathology. They would expand of the nuances of transference perversions in working with those conditions.

12

Gabbard, G. O. (1991) Technical Approaches to Transference Hate in the Analysis of Borderline Patients. *Int. J. Psycho-anal.* 72: 625-636

Kernberg, O. (1976). Transference and Countertransference in the Treatment of Borderline Patients. In *Object Relations Theory and Clinical Psychoanalysis*. NJ: Aronson, 161-184.

Searles, M. F. (1986). The Countertransference with the Borderline Patient. In: M.H. Stone (ed.) *Essential Papers on Borderline Pathology*. NY: NYU Press, pp. 498-526.

## **Objectives**

Candidates will be able to identify and discern countertransference nuances in working with Borderline and Narcissistic pathology.

13

Bach, S. (1998). On Treating the Difficult Patient. In Ed. Ellman & all. *The Modern Freudians*. Northvale, N.J.: Jason Aronson, Inc. p.185- 195.

Joseph, B. (1989). The Patient who is Difficult to Reach. In Bott Spillius, E. & Feldman, M. (Ed). *Psychic Equilibrium and Psychic Change. Selected Papers by Betty Joseph*, pp. 75-87.

## **Objectives**

Explore the clinical challenges and demands of the so - called 'difficult' patient.

14

McDougall, J. (1989). *Theaters of the Body*. New York: W.W. Norton. Chapters 6, 7.

Bateman, W.W. (1998). Thick- and Thin-Skinned Organizations and Enactments in Borderline and Narcissistic Disorders. *Int. J. Psycho-Anal.* 79: 13-25.

Bollas, C. (1996). Borderline Desire. *Int. Forum Psychoanal.* 5: 5-9.

## **Objectives**

The value of conceptualizing psychic and body phenomena as representing scenarios or scripts akin to theater productions.

15



# Overview